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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/005,902	12/04/2001	Dale Brown	5369/00015	7185
22910 <b>BANNER &amp; W</b>	7590 07/09/200 ITCOFF, LTD.	EXAMINER		
28 STATE STR		GEMBEH, SHIRLEY V		
28th FLOOR BOSTON, MA 02109-9601			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			1618	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/09/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/005,902	BROWN ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	SHIRLEY V. GEMBEH	1618
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with t	the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REWHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearmed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS atute, cause the application to become ABANI	TION.  be timely filed  from the mailing date of this communication.  DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	This action is non-final.  wance except for formal matters	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 15-25 is/are pending in the applica  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with  5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) Claim(s) 15-25 is/are rejected.  7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and  Application Papers	drawn from consideration.	
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor	the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. rection is required if the drawing(s)	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have been received. The sents have been received in Apploriority documents have been received in	ication No ceived in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/M	mary (PTO-413) ail Date mal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Office Action Summary

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Status of claims:

Claims 2-7 and 9-14 have been cancelled and new claims 15-25 are pending.

## **Response to Arguments**

Applicant's argument filed on 3/14/08 in response to the rejection of claims 15-25 under 35 USC 112, first have been fully considered and deemed persuasive, because Applicant has amended the claims to overcome the rejection.

## Maintained Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Applicant argues that Keller does not teach a method to treat peridontal disease which entails the delivery of a medicament in close proximity to the bone and supporting structure of the teeth, and further there is no mention of the term "biofilm"

Applicant also argues that (i) Keller teaches a method to treat periodontal disease which entails the delivery of a medicament in close proximity to the bone and supporting structure of the teeth, and that Keller is not directed to a method of removing biofilm. In fact, the term "biofilm" does not appear in the Keller specification. Instead, Keller teaches a method of treating infection of gum tissue.

(ii) There is nothing in Hill which is directed to soft abrasives and, that the reference teaches a low foaming toothpaste formulation containing an abrasive, a humectant, a surfactant and a foam controlling agent wherein the abrasive/tooth surface interface and abrasive packing is delivered using a channeled bristle toothbrush.

(iii) Kim does not teach the use of the term term biofilm and that the teaching is to a specific extract of Achyranthis radix or Ulmus cortex as described therein, providing the desired effect of inhibiting the production of the periodontal disease-inducing agents and at the same time inhibiting the activity of the periodontal tissue-decomposing enzyme for periodontal tissues, as well as promoting collagen synthesis.

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(iv) at best, the cited prior art teaches merely selected elements of the claimed invention - but the "whole" invention claimed herein is neither taught nor suggested by the combined teachings of the cited art. This is not a *KSR* situation, where a limited number of treatments are available to the skilled artisan, and accordingly, the selection of the specific treatments defined in the claims is clearly not an obvious choice from the prior art. Instead, the claimed invention represents a patentable selection of specific treatments useful for the treatment of severe gingival detachment through specific means for the removal of biofilms.

In response, with regard to the item (i) the Keller reference teaches the self treatment decreases plaque development. As to the argument that the teachings of Keller are to a peridontal disease not to removal of biofilm, plaque is a peridontal disease, if it is not treated plaque will affect the bone. Therefore while self treating plaque (biofilm) via the use of floss and tooth brush; biofilm will be removed also. (This embraces the definition of biofilm, see page 9, last paragraph of the specification).

(ii), Col. 5, lines 60 -67, teaches that one can evaluate the polishing of tooth surfaces without a high level removal or scratching, indicating that abrasiveness does not affect

the teeth enamel, further the reference teaches sodium bicarbonate (soda) and alumina silicate as the abrasive, agents see col. 6, lines 45-50 and line56-60. As to the term biofilm not specifically disclosed, the Examiner agrees, however the reference teaches plaque.

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- (iii) Here, Applicant is arguing what is not claimed. The claims recite addition of therapeutic agents to the composition there is no indication as to what therapeutic agent Applicant is referring to. Again note that peridontal disease is taught as plaque. Plaque is a biofilm.
- (iv) As to the alleged statement that the prior art merely teaches selected elements of the claimed invention. The examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir.1992).

In this case, the combination and why to combine the prior art has been made in the office action of record.

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

See above reasoning. The rejection is maintained and repeated below.

Claims 15-25 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Keller, US 5,129,824 (824) taken with Hill, US 5,993,784 (784) and Hill et al., US

5,057,309 (309) in view of Kim et al., US, 6,045,800 (800) as in the last office action of record and for the reasons given above.

No claim is allowed.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SHIRLEY V. GEMBEH whose telephone number is (571)272-8504. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 -5:00, Monday- Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, MICHAEL HARTLEY can be reached on 571-272-0616. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Michael G. Hartley/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1618

SVG 6/21/08